

Long-term care insurance of JAPAN

Long-term care insurance began in reference to the system of Germany in 2000.

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long-term care insurance

Citizens over the age of 40 there is the obligation to pay insurance premiums.
The elderly pay 10% of the fee.

Home care (Live at home)

- Day care (Takurousho)
- Day care with rehabilitation
- Home help service (Including care taxi)
- Home visit nursing service
- Home visit rehabilitative service
- Short stay of Special nursing home for the elderly
- Short stay of Geriatric health care facility for the elderly
- In home care service (Care manager)
 - ✕Care manager make a care plan in home care services.

Facility care (Live at facility)

- Special nursing home for the elderly (Over needing care level 3)
- Group home
- Home for the elderly with care
- Geriatric health care facility for the elderly (Care+Medical)
 - ✕Care manager of the facility make a care plan

- Small multi-functional satellite home-care services (Day care, home help service, short stay)
 - ✕Care manager of the facility make a care plan.

Medical insurance

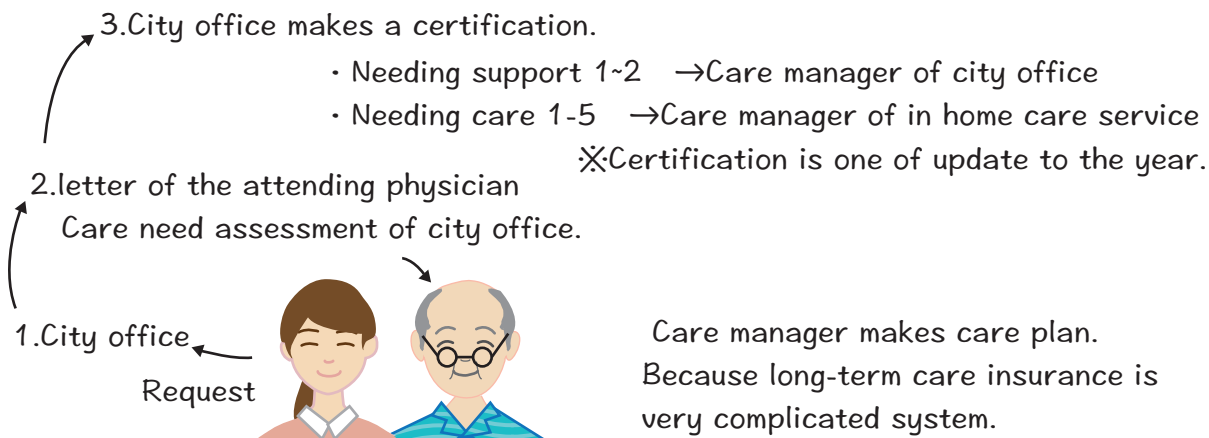
Citizens over the age of 18 there is the obligation to pay insurance premiums. The patient pay 30% of the fee.

- General hospital (Hospitalization and Hospital visit)
- Clinic (only clinic visit)
- Home visit nursing service
- Home visit rehabilitative service
- Geriatric health care facility for the elderly
- Outpatient rehabilitation

Care staff qualification system

- Induction course for care worker (Qualification)
We can get in four weeks.
- Certified care worker (National qualification)
The examination need working experience of 3 years.
- Care manager (Qualification)
The examination need working experience of 5 years, after we get the certified care worker.

Certification of needed long-term care



About Takurosho

Day time is day care of long-term care insurance.
Night service is out of long-term care insurance.
We do day care, stay, live, care for the last.
We keep a relationship and we do flexible care.
It is not illegal, but there is no position in the law.
This is a style that was born from the field of care.
It is not tied to the law. This is a flexible style of care.
20 years ago, This facility began in Fukuoka,
and it has increased in Japan.
2015, law has changed, and it is positioned on the law.
As a result, flexibility is lost, there is a closure to facility.